	<b>GEORGIA DIVISION OF FAMILY AND CHILDREN SERVICES</b> <b>MEDICAID POLICY MANUAL</b>			
	<b>Chapter:</b>	<b>Appendix B</b>	<b>Effective Date:</b>	<b>June 2020</b>
	<b>Policy Title:</b>	<b>Hearings</b>		
	<b>Policy Number:</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>Previous Policy Update:</b>	<b>MT 51</b>

## REQUIREMENTS

The fair hearing process entitles an applicant or recipient (A/R) to an impartial hearing, upon his/her request, to appeal an agency action or inaction.

## BASIC CONSIDERATIONS

### Notification of the Right to a Fair Hearing

The A/R must be informed, in writing, of his/her right to a fair hearing, the methods of requesting a hearing, and that assistance with completing the required forms will be provided, if requested. The A/R must be informed of this right at the following times:

- at application
- when any action is taken that affects benefits
- when the A/R requests a restoration of lost benefits

### Request for a Hearing

A request for a hearing, either orally or in writing, is an expression by the A/R or his/her authorized representative (AREP) of the desire for an opportunity to present the case to a reviewing authority.

**NOTE:** Authorized representative is defined as a person or organization designated by the A/R or beneficiary to assist with the application, renewal of eligibility and other ongoing communications with the agency. Elected AREP must have written designation that includes the applicant's signature. Court orders establishing legal guardianship or a valid power of attorney is to be treated as written designations.

DHS Form 5459 Release of Information does not assign the entity or individual as the AREP and does not give permission to act on client's behalf.

**BASIC CONSIDERATIONS (cont.)****Request for a Hearing (cont.)**

A request for a hearing may be submitted to any Division of Family and Children Services (DFCS) office.

**NOTE: DFCS is prohibited from disclosing Personally Identifiable Information (PII) or Protected Health Information (PHI) to unauthorized individuals. Therefore, DFCS will not disclose, discuss or allow access to the A/R's PII or PHI without authorization. DFCS processes hearing requests that are submitted on behalf of an A/R when DFCS is provided valid legal authorization.**

Assistance, such as language assistance, must be provided to the A/R and the AREP, if requested, with completing the necessary document(s).

A qualified interpreter must be provided for any A/R and the AREP in the preferred language identified by the A/R (or the AREP), so that DFCS' hearing procedures are explained in a language understood by the A/R.

The A/R must request a hearing within thirty (30) days of notification of the decision with which s/he disagrees (42 C.F.R. § 431.221(d)).

In the event an oral request is made, the A/R must submit a written request within fifteen (15) days of the original request.

**NOTE:** All hearing requests will be forwarded to OSAH, regardless of when the request was received. For untimely requests received, DFCS' hearing representative will enter into evidence the untimely policy and the Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) will determine if good cause exists. If DFCS fails to submit a hearing request to OSAH within 30 days after DFCS receives such request, the applicant, recipient, or authorized representative can file a petition directly with OSAH to request a hearing (referred to as a Direct Petition).

OSAH is responsible for scheduling hearings and notifying the parties (the Petitioner and the DFCS hearing representative) of the date, time, and location of the hearing.

A hearing request received from an A/R who is planning to move out of state before the hearing decision is reached may be expedited so that a decision may be issued before they move.

**BASIC CONSIDERATIONS (cont.)****Women's Health Medicaid (WHM)**

Upon receipt of a WHM hearing request, DFCS will follow the standard hearing process. All hearing notifications must be e-mailed to DCH, Lorraine Russell at [lrussell2@dch.ga.gov](mailto:lrussell2@dch.ga.gov). DCH will notify Department of Public Health on all second-level reviews that have been scheduled for a hearing.

**Continuation of Benefits**

Upon the A/R's request, Medicaid eligibility and patient liability/cost share may be continued, provided the request for continuation is received within 10 days of the date of timely or adequate notice. Refer to Section 2701.1, Notifications and Chart B.1, Continuation of Medicaid Pending an Hearing Decision.

NOTE: The Department of Community Health (DCH) reserves the right to require the A/R to repay continued benefits if s/he loses the hearing.

Allowance should be made in the event the A/R's reports late receipt of notification due to mail processing time. If the A/R provides the envelope in which the notice was received, allow 12 days from the U.S. Postal Service date stamp to determine if benefits are to be continued. If the A/R cannot provide the envelope in which the notice was received, allow 14 days from the date on the notice to determine if benefits are to be continued. In the event the 14th day is a weekend or holiday, allow until the close of business on the first workday following the 14th day.

**EMA**

Effective 1/1/06 continuation of benefits for ongoing EMA services pending a hearing will not be allowed as no future dates of service for EMA are applicable per policy.

**SSI**

SSI recipients who have had SSI benefits terminated and who wish to continue Medicaid pending the outcome of an appeal of SSI/Medicaid may do so. This should occur in the interface between SSA and DCH. However, if the SSI A/R reports that this has not occurred and that Medicaid benefits have terminated, have the A/R provide written verification from SSA that they have appealed the SSI termination. Contact your Medicaid Field Program Specialist to have the A/R's eligibility restored pending the outcome of the appeal. The Program Specialist will need to provide the written proof to DCH to have the A/R updated in DCH's system. If the A/R only wants to appeal the Medicaid termination and not the SSI, there are no Medicaid benefits to continue since the Medicaid went along with the SSI. DFCS should complete a CMD on the A/R and approve or deny as appropriate. At that point, the A/R may make an appeal of the Medicaid benefits denied through DFCS.

**BASIC CONSIDERATIONS (cont.)****The Hearing**

An OSAH Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) conducts hearings. See exceptions in chart below.

The hearing includes consideration of the following:

- any agency action, including the following:
  - denial or approval of an application
  - calculation of patient liability or cost share
  - termination of benefits
  - change in COA
- change in patient liability or cost share
- the agency's delay in action or failure to act, including:
  - delay in application processing
  - failure to act, or delay in action on a change

**NOTE:** The list above is not inclusive.

<b>AGENCY HEARINGS</b>	
<b>Program</b>	<b>Hearing Agency</b>
SSI money payment	Social Security Administration (SSA)
SSI Medicaid	OSAH
Denial/Termination	
DFCS Medicaid COAs	OSAH
Level of Care (LOC) for Katie Beckett	Department of Community Health Legal Services
Breast & Cervical Cancer Program	OSAH
Medicare Part D Low Income Subsidy	Social Security Administration (SSA)
SMEU	OSAH

State law prohibits the ALJ from providing legal advice to any party, including the state agency. As such, OSAH cannot assist the agency or the petitioning A/R in determining who should be present as witnesses at the hearing or what evidence is necessary to establish the case.

An ALJ shall have all the powers of the ultimate decision maker in the agency with respect to a contested case. Hearing decisions are based on evidence introduced at the hearing. Hearing decisions specify the reason for the decision, which includes findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a disposition of the case.

**BASIC CONSIDERATIONS (cont.)****Hearings: Rights and Responsibilities of the A/R and DFCS**

The A/R or his/her **AREP** has the right to the following:

- examine the contents of the case record and all pertinent documents and records prior to the hearing.

NOTE: Certain confidential case record information may not be released to or viewed by anyone, including the A/R. Refer to Section [2010](#) and [2011](#) for additional information, including what may not be released and penalties for unauthorized release.

Confidential information that is protected from release and other documents or records that the A/R may not contest or challenge may not be presented at the hearing.

- present the case with or without the aid of a representative, including legal counsel, a relative, friend or other spokesperson
- request assistance from the agency for transportation to/from the hearing.

The A/R and DFCS have the right to the following:

- bring and/or subpoena witnesses
- establish all pertinent facts and circumstances
- present arguments without undue interference
- question or refute any testimony or evidence, including the opportunity to question and cross-examine adverse witnesses.

DFCS has the responsibility for the following:

- ensuring the presence at the hearing of staff members with direct knowledge of the facts in dispute
- ensuring that all relevant agency records and copies are legible and available as evidence
- ensuring that non-agency witnesses and records are present, either voluntarily or by subpoena.

**BASIC CONSIDERATIONS (cont.)****Withdrawal, Cancellation or Postponement of the Hearing**

The withdrawal, cancellation or postponement may be requested by the A/R or his/her AREP and may be made orally or in writing.

**EXCEPTION:** If received 5 days or less from the scheduled hearing date, **notify** the Administrative Law Judge contact as indicated on the appointment notice **by facsimile or electronic mail**. These should include the docket number.

**The Final Hearing Decision**

The Final Hearing Decision is issued within ninety (90) days from the date the written request for a hearing is received by the agency, except in the event of a postponement or continuance.

No action may be taken to reduce or terminate Medicaid until the decision is final.

Effective May 8, 2018, in accordance with O.C.G.A. Section 50-13-41(c), every decision by an OSAH ALJ is a final decision that may only be appealed by filing a petition for judicial review, with proper service in accordance with the applicable law, in the Fulton County Superior Court or in the Superior Court in the county of residence of the petitioner.

See "Appeals" in this section for final decision appeal information and procedures.

**PROCEDURES****Processing a Hearing Request**

**Step 1.** Upon receipt of a hearing request, follow the steps below.

**Within three (3) business days of agency's receipt of hearing request**, review the record to determine the following:

- Was correct action taken? If not, correct the case and notify the A/R. S/he may choose to withdraw the request for a hearing.
- Was a **Continuing Medicaid Determination (CMD)** completed?
- Is the A/R eligible based on all other points of eligibility with the exception of the one at issue?

**Step 2.** **Within three (3) business days of agency's receipt of hearing request**, discuss the complaint with the A/R or his/her AREP prior to submitting the hearing request to OSAH (using the OSAH Form-1 and the items listed in Step 4, below), to ensure that a hearing is necessary.

**PROCEDURES (cont.)****Processing a Hearing Request (cont.)**

If a mutually satisfactory decision is reached, the A/R may choose to withdraw the request for a hearing – verbally or in writing. If a verbal withdrawal is received, the agency will send correspondence to the

A/R confirming the verbal withdrawal.

**NOTE: How to handle withdrawals of hearing requests after the agency has transmitted the OSAH Form-1.**

- (i) **Verbal withdrawals:** If the A/R contacts DFCS to verbally withdraw his/her hearing request after the agency has sent the OSAH Form-1, correspondence will be sent to the A/R confirming the verbal withdrawal **AND** the case manager/fair hearing specialist will inform the A/R to contact OSAH to request that the A/R's hearing be removed from the OSAH hearing calendar.
- (ii) **Written withdrawals:** If the A/R contacts DFCS by submitting a written withdrawal of his/her hearing request after the agency has sent the OSAH Form-1, the case manager will assist the A/R in removing the hearing from OSAH's hearing calendar by forwarding the A/R's written withdrawal to OSAH (via physical letter or email) and copying the A/R to all related correspondence.

**Step 3.** Inform the A/R that timeliness in filing the hearing request affects continuation or reinstatement of benefits and that late filing may result in denial of the request for a hearing.

**Step 4.** If a mutually satisfactory solution cannot be obtained and the A/R does *not* submit a hearing request withdrawal, submit the following documents to OSAH within five (5) business days of receipt of the hearing request, even if unable to contact the A/R to discuss the complaint.

The information should be sent to:  
Office of State Administrative Hearings (OSAH)  
225 Peachtree Street NE Suite 400, South Tower  
Atlanta, GA 30303

Include:

- Form 118, Request for Hearing, or any written request for hearing presented by the A/R
- notice which pertains to the action in dispute
- OSAH Form 1-Medicaid

**PROCEDURES (cont.)****Processing a Hearing Request (cont.)**

**NOTE:** Make sure that any available contact numbers for the A/R are included on the OSAH- 1.

**SPECIAL NOTE:** It is the responsibility of the case manager to present the following documents at the hearing :

- the application or renewal for assistance related to the matter(s) in dispute  
  
all records documenting or verifying facts, including records of telephone conversations, interviews, etc., which pertain to the action in dispute and any other materials that were made part of the case file in the normal course of business and on which the agency relied for the action taken, including budgets
- subpoenas for individuals and/or documents prepared for the ALJs. If subpoenas are required for documents, include the type of document, the document custodian's name and address

**NOTE:** The request for subpoena form must be completed setting forth the relevance of the testimony/documents sought. This form must be attached to the subpoena sent to OSAH. Copies of the request form and the subpoena must be provided to all parties involved in the hearing. The subpoena, after being signed by the ALJ, is returned to DFCS for personal service on the witness or for mailing to the witness via certified mail. A copy of a form or sample subpoena is available on OSAH's website.

- copy of all policy and regulation(s) relied upon in reaching the action in dispute.

**Step 5.** Determine if the A/R is entitled to continued or reinstated benefits. Continue or reinstate Medicaid benefits if allowed. Refer to Chart B.1 for continuation of benefits.

Inform the A/R that a request for continuation or reinstatement of patient liability (PL) or cost share (CS) pending a hearing decision may result in an increase of the A/R's financial responsibility if the hearing decision is adverse to the A/R or a decrease of the A/R's financial responsibility if the hearing decision is favorable to the A/R.

**NOTE:** If the hearing request submitted by or for the A/R does not indicate that the A/R has waived continuation of benefits, assume continuation is desired.

**Step 6.** Allow the A/R opportunity to examine documents and records that will be used in the hearing. Allow the A/R's representative the opportunity to examine these documents if the A/R signs a Form 5459, Authorization to Release Information.

**Step 7.** Report any changes in the circumstances related to the hearing, including address changes, OSAH.



**PROCEDURES (cont.)****Processing a Hearing Request (cont.)**

Forward any subsequent documents received concerning the hearing to OSAH.

**PeachCare for Kids® and Planning for Healthy Babies®**

The RSM Group staff will process all PeachCare for Kids® and Planning for Healthy Babies® (P4HB) administrative reviews and fair hearings. The RSM Group will follow the procedures below:

**Step 1:** Administrative reviews or fair hearing requests are received by the RSM South Hub via e-mail, fax or mail. They are distributed for research and resolution.

**Step 2:** Case is reviewed, and eligibility or renewal completed. RSM worker notifies customer of outcome and requests withdrawal.

RSM will document using the case notes in GA Gateway and upload in document management the request and any related items. Worker will create case notes with adequate documentation of the current case status and resolution.

**NOTE:** Document Management- when uploading the admin information; make sure to put a comment in the box: **PCK or P4HB Admin Review Only.**

**Step 3:** If the case is not approved or not resolved and the customer has not withdrawn request, RSM will attempt to contact customer by phone to review case and to request withdrawal.

If the case cannot be resolved or withdrawn, then the RSM worker will mail the **Fair Hearing Request Notice** manually and upload into GA Gateway. RSM will send this letter/email requesting that the customer contacts the agency within 10 days from date of the letter to request an OSAH hearing. If no response is received by the customer, the matter is closed after the 10<sup>th</sup> day and a case note is placed in GA Gateway.

**Step 4:** If customer responds and would like to proceed with a **HEARING**, the procedures for Medicaid hearings must be followed. All related items must be uploaded into document management under Hearings and documented in Case Notes.

**PeachCare for Kids® and Planning for Healthy Babies® (cont.)**

- DHS legal is sent the information and PCK or P4HB Hearing inbox should be copied on all OSAH referrals.

**PROCEDURES (cont.)****Processing a Hearing Request (cont.)**


- Continue with steps of Medicaid hearings process.

**Implementation of a Final Hearing Decision**

Follow the steps below to implement a hearing decision.

Step 1. Determine whether the decision is favorable to the A/R or the agency and adjust the A/R's ongoing benefits, including patient liability or cost share, if necessary.

Step 2. Notify the A/R of the action taken via manual notice. The notice must indicate that the action taken is the result of the hearing decision. Include each month's circumstance and eligibility status. Do not include information regarding further appeals.

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	<b>Policy Title:</b>	<b>Appeal</b>		
	<b>Policy Number:</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>Previous Policy Update:</b>	<b>MT 51</b>

## REQUIREMENTS

Both the A/R and DHS/DFCS have the right to request a judicial review of a hearing decision.

## BASIC CONSIDERATIONS

Effective May 8, 2018, in accordance with O.C.G.A. Section 50-13-41(c), every decision by an OSAH ALJ is a final decision that may only be appealed by filing a petition for judicial review, with proper service in accordance with the applicable law, in the Fulton County Superior Court or in the Superior Court in the county of residence of the petitioner.

### Appeals of the Final Hearing Decision

The A/R, authorized representative, or the agency has the right to appeal the final OSAH hearing decision. The internal process for the agency to request an appeal is outlined below.

### Agency Appeal of the Final Hearing Decision

Clearance from the DFCS Medicaid Policy Unit should be obtained to ensure the appeal request meets the hearing criteria before submitting its request for an appeal. If an appeal is warranted, the County Request for a Final Appeal, Form 136 and supporting documentation should be sent to the Fair Hearing Coordinator Supervisor who will email all documents to the DFCS Office of General Counsel (OGC). The OGC will review to determine the validity of the appeal and submit all approved requests for appeal to the Office of Attorney General to request that a civil action be commenced by the filing of a petition for judicial review in the appropriate Superior Court.

**NOTE:** A party has 30 days after service of the final decision to file a petition for judicial review. Service of the final decision is defined as the date the final decision was mailed, i.e., the date of the postmark or the date of the email (if delivered electronically). **If staff request an appeal of a final decision, the request must be submitted to OGC within 10 calendar days of the date the final decision was mailed/postmarked/emailed from OSAH (and if such time has expired, submit immediately).**

**BASIC CONSIDERATIONS (cont.)****Agency Appeal of the Final Hearing Decision (cont.)**

Because the petition for judicial review must be filed in the appropriate Superior Court within 30 days after service of the final decision, timely notification to the OGC is essential.

The designated reviewing authority reviews the final hearing decision, all related materials, renders a final decision, and notifies all parties of the final decision.

**Applicant/Recipient Appeal of the Final Hearing Decision**

The A/R or his/her authorized representative has the right to the following:

- appeal an initial decision within thirty (30) days from receipt of the decision

The A/R has the right to request continuation of Medicaid benefits pending a final appeal decision, provided the request for continuation is received within 14 days of the date of the initial hearing decision. Refer to Chart B.2 for continuation of benefits.

NOTE: The Department of Community Health (DCH) reserves the right to require the A/R to repay continued benefits if s/he loses the hearing.

**County DFCS Appeal of the Final Hearing Decision**

The county DFCS has the right to appeal an initial decision, within thirty (30) days.

**PROCEDURES****Processing a Final Appeal**


Follow the steps below if the A/R or the county DFCS office requests an appeal of the final hearing decision:

**Client Appeal-** . If DFCS receives a Petition for Judicial Review from the A/R or his/her authorized representative, the employee receiving such Petition must immediately email a copy of the Petition to the DFCS OGC.

**PROCEDURES (cont.)****Processing a Final Appeal (cont.)**

**Agency Appeal-** Clearance from the DFCS Medicaid Policy Unit should be obtained to ensure the appeal request meets the hearing criteria before submitting appeal. If an appeal is warranted, Form 136 and supporting documentation should be sent to the Fair Hearing Coordinator Supervisor who will e-mail all documents to OGC. OGC will review to determine validity of appeal and submit to the Special Assistant Attorney General (SAAG) for filing in Superior Court. Petition must be filed in appropriate court within 30 days after service of the final decision. A courtesy copy of the petition will be sent to Department of Community Health.

**Client & Agency Appeal-** Superior Court reviews the A/R's Appeal, renders a decision and notifies all parties (A/R,DFCS). Note that there are instances where a Petition may be withdrawn.

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	<b>Policy Title:</b>	<b>OSAH Responsibilities</b>		
	<b>Policy Number:</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>Previous Policy Update:</b>	<b>MT 51</b>

## REQUIREMENTS

The Office of State Administrative Hearings (OSAH) has specific duties regarding the conduct and requirements of a hearing, which are conducted consistent with Georgia's Administrative Procedure Act, other applicable laws, regulations, and OSAH's Administrative Rules of Procedure.

## BASIC CONSIDERATIONS

### OSAH Actions and Responsibilities

The OSAH initiates the following actions as needed:

- provides, at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing, advance written notice to all involved parties to permit adequate preparation of the case
- changes the time and/or location of the hearing upon its own motion or for good cause shown by the applicant/recipient (A/R)
- adjourns, postpones, or reopens the hearing for receipt of additional information at any time prior to the mailing of the state's decision on the case
- conducts a group hearing, consolidating cases where the sole issue involved is one of state and/or federal law, regulation or policy
- conducts a single hearing for multiple programs, if determined appropriate
- conducts the hearing on a newly emerged issue if, at the hearing it becomes evident that the issue involved is different from the one on which the hearing was originally requested

**BASIC CONSIDERATIONS (cont.)****OSAH Actions and Responsibilities (cont.)**

- orders an independent medical assessment or professional evaluation, at agency expense, if the hearing involves medical issues such as a diagnosis, an examining physician's report or a medical review team's decision. The source of the evaluation must be satisfactory to the A/R and the agency.

NOTE: Members of the medical review team may not be subpoenaed.

- determines numbers of persons who may attend the hearing
- denies or dismisses a hearing request.
- utilizes only the facts or opinions that are evidence of record or which may be officially noticed and are, therefore, subject to the rights of objection, rebuttal, and/or cross examination by the involved parties. The Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) is the sole "trier of facts".
- makes a decision within ninety (90) days from the date of the receipt of the written request for a hearing
- mails the hearing decision to all involved parties
- informs the claimant of appeal rights and that an appeal may result in a reversal of the final hearing decision.

**The Hearing Decision**

Hearing decisions become a part of the case record and must meet the following criteria:

- comply with all federal and state laws, regulations and policies
- take into consideration only those issues directly related to the action appealed
- be based on evidence and other material introduced at the hearing
- be accessible to the public, with the identity of the A/R protected

**The Administrative Law Judge's Official Record**

The Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) official record must meet the following criteria:

- contain the substance of what transpired at the hearing and all papers and requests filed in the official proceedings
- be available to the A/R or its representative by appointment for copying and inspection
- requesting a response to any additional material or documentary evidence from the agency
- basing the final decision on the record from the ALJ, augmented by additional material
- notifying the A/R in writing of the final decision and the right to a judicial review.

Use the following chart to determine whether to continue, reinstate or change benefits pending an initial hearing decision.

CHART B.1 - CONTINUATION OF BENEFITS PENDING A FINAL HEARING DECISION	
IF THE A/R REQUESTS A HEARING	THEN, WHILE THE INITIAL HEARING DECISION IS PENDING,
within 14 days of the date of the timely notice and requests continuation of benefits	continue Medicaid at a level equivalent to the level prior to the date of the timely notice.  Continue the vendor payment and patient liability or cost share, if applicable.
within 14 days of the date of the adequate notice and requests continuation of benefits	reinstate Medicaid at a level equivalent to the level prior to the date of the adequate notice. Reinstate the vendor payment and patient liability or cost share, if applicable.
and claims Good Cause for not appealing during the 14-day timely notice period	Reinstate benefits only upon approval by the ALJ.
and the Medically Needy budget period has ended	determine spend-down for a new budget period and allow the A/R to submit medical bills.
and a change, other than a mass change, affecting eligibility occurs	change the benefits appropriately unless the A/R requests a hearing on the subsequent change and requests continuation of benefits. Notify the ALJ.
and a mass change is required	change the benefits appropriately and notify the ALJ.  Continuation or reinstatement following a mass change is appropriate only if the ALJ determines that the mass change was incorrectly applied.



Use the following chart to determine whether to continue, reinstate or change benefits pending an appeal of an initial hearing decision

CHART B.2 - CONTINUATION OF MEDICAID PENDING AN APPEAL OF A FINAL HEARING DECISION	
IF THE A/R REQUESTS AN APPEAL OF THE FINAL HEARING DECISION	THEN, WHILE THE APPEAL OF THE FINAL DECISION IS PENDING
within 14 days of the final hearing decision and requests continuation of benefits	continue Medicaid, including vendor payment and cost share or patient liability, previously continued pending the final hearing decision.
and claims Good Cause for not appealing the final hearing decision within 14 days of the decision	reinstate benefits, including vendor payment and patient liability/cost share, only upon approval by the <b>DFCS Medicaid Policy Unit</b> .
and the Medically Needy budget period has ended	determine eligibility for a new budget period and allow the A/R to submit medical bills.
and a change, other than a mass change, affecting eligibility occurs	change the benefits appropriately and notify the <b>DFCS Medicaid Policy Unit</b> .
and a mass change is required	change the benefits appropriately and notify the <b>DFCS Medicaid Policy Unit</b> .  Continuation or reinstatement following a mass change is appropriate only if the DFCS Medicaid Policy Unit determines that the mass change was incorrectly applied.

CHART B.3 - ADJUSTMENT OF MEDICAID BASED ON THE DECISION  
FROM AN FINAL HEARING OR THE APPEAL OF AN FINAL HEARING

IF BENEFITS WERE	THEN
continued or reinstated prior to the hearing or appeal and the decision is favorable to the A/R	continue Medicaid benefits.  Take action to issue any corrective vendor payment as authorized by the ALJ or <b>Superior Court</b> .
not continued or reinstated prior to the hearing or the appeal and the decision is favorable to the A/R	approve Medicaid retroactively and issue corrective vendor payments as directed by the ALJ or DFCS Medicaid Policy Unit.
continued or reinstated prior to the hearing or the appeal and the decision is favorable to the agency	provide adequate notice and reflect the decrease in benefits the month following the decision.  Do not advise the A/R that s/he may request another hearing, as the hearing decision serves as adequate notice of appeals rights.
not continued or reinstated prior to the hearing or the appeal decision is favorable to the agency	maintain case in current status.